## Algebra II

## Introduction to Standard Deviation

On the number lines below, make a **dot plot** of each data set. State the range, mean and median of each data set.

Data Set A: 6, 6, 8, 10, 10

Data Set B: 6, 6, 6, 8, 10, 10

Data Set C: 6, 6, 8, 10, 20

Set A:

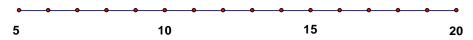


Range \_\_\_\_\_

Mean \_\_\_\_\_

Median \_\_\_\_\_

Set B:



Range \_\_\_\_\_

Mean \_\_\_\_\_

Median \_\_\_\_\_

Set C:



Range \_\_\_\_\_

Mean \_\_\_\_\_

Median \_\_\_\_\_

Calculate the Standard Deviation of a Population ( $\sigma$ ) for each data set and write this value under the range on page one.

Data Set A

Data	Mean	Data – Mean	(Data – Mean) <sup>2</sup>

Sum (
$$\Sigma$$
) of (Data – Mean)<sup>2</sup> = \_\_\_\_\_

$$\frac{Sum \ of \ (Data-Mean)^2}{Number \ of \ Data \ Points} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

$$\sigma = \sqrt{\frac{Sum \ of \ (Data - Mean)^2}{Number \ of \ Data \ Points}} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

## Data Set B

Data	Mean	Data – Mean	(Data – Mean) <sup>2</sup>

Sum (
$$\Sigma$$
) of (Data – Mean)<sup>2</sup> = \_\_\_\_\_

$$\frac{Sum \ of \ (Data-Mean)^2}{Number \ of \ Data \ Points} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

$$\sigma = \sqrt{\frac{Sum \ of \ (Data - Mean)^2}{Number \ of \ Data \ Points}} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

Data Set C

Data	Mean	Data – Mean	(Data – Mean) <sup>2</sup>

Sum (
$$\Sigma$$
) of (Data – Mean)<sup>2</sup> = \_\_\_\_\_

$$\frac{Sum \ of \ (Data-Mean)^2}{Number \ of \ Data \ Points} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

$$\sigma = \sqrt{\frac{Sum \ of \ (Data - Mean)^2}{Number \ of \ Data \ Points}} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

Write a formula for calculating the Standard Deviation of a Population.

Define Standard Deviation.